several states, only dealers who are pharmacists will be permitted to fill prescriptions.

3rd. Both Sub-Sections (a) and (b) of Section 2, in their present form, seriously endanger the constitutionality of the entire act, but this danger will be largely removed if the word "dealer" is substituted for the word "pharmacist," and if the exception and discrimination, with reference to record requirement as now made in favor of physicians, is removed.

All of these objections have been pointed out by the last Annual Convention of the N. A. R. D., and though the National Drug Trade Conference has been unwilling to admit or say, that it has acted on these objections, because so pointed out, the fact nevertheless remains that it has adopted changes which largely meet the objections, in all but the matter of requiring record keeping on the part of the physician when he assumes the functions of a pharmacist. Even in this respect, the Executive Committee of the National Drug Trade Conference has of late found itself compelled to advocate some record requirement, but in the form proposed it is wholly insufficient, because a dispensing physician could meet the requirement by entering in a book that he had dispensed one (1) ounce of cocaine on the fifth day of

May, without stating to whom and in what quantity he had dispensed it to each of the separate parties. So far as I have been able to measure the needs with reference to record keeping by dispensing physicians, etc., it should be exactly the same as is now in the bill made applicable to pharmacists, and on the other hand, administration by the physician himself to the patient in cases of emergency should not require record keeping.

There are, of course, other provisions in the bill which deserve attention in its discussion, but I am sure that I have taken up enough time and feel also that others from whom you will hear are better prepared to discuss them. To be concise with reference to them all, I advocate such changes as are now advocated by the National Drug Trade Conference, excepting only its late proposition for record keeping on the part of the dispensing physician, which is insufficient to meet the needs of the case. I believe that every person, be he physician, dentist, veterinarian or pharmacist, who would supply the consumer with narcotics other than administration in cases of emergency, should be made to make, have and show the exact same kind of a record for every distribution of the drugs.

Very truly yours,
FRANK H. FREERICKS.

PERSONALITY.

Personality implies intelligence and self-consciousness. A beast is an individual, but not a person. The mere animal feeds itself, but is not conscious of itself. The seat of personality is the center of all our bodily and mental activities. The idea of the bodily structure does indeed enter into the general conception of the person, but it is related to it just as our clothes are related to our bodies—as a mere adventitious appendage. It is not essential to the reality of the person, as that which constitutes a man's self survives the body; it is not essential to the identity of the person, as that remains unchanged amid all the changes of the body. The personality of a human being is centered in that which thinks and reasons, and wills; which loves, and fears, and hopes; which suffers, enjoys and feels.—George Bush.